

**Primer curso de contabilidad**

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# Primer curso de contabilidad

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The distinction between de que and que in Spanish can be confusing because they are both frequently used to translate "that." See the following two pairs of examples: El plan que quiere es caro. (The plan that he wants is expensive.)El plan de que los estudiantes participen en las actividades es caro. (The plan that students participate in the activities is expensive.)¿Cuál era el concepto que Karl Marx tenía sobre el poder del estado? (What was the concept that Karl Marx had about the power of the state?)Es común escuchar el falso concepto de que el estado no debe de ser poderoso. (It is common to hear the false concept that the state shouldn't be powerful.) Structurally, all these sentences follow this pattern: English: subject + sentence + dependent clause beginning with "that"Spanish: subject of sentence + dependent clause beginning with que or de que if So why the use of que in the first sentence of each pair and de que in the second? The grammatical difference between those may not be obvious, but in the first one, que translates "that" as a relative pronoun, while in the second de que translates "that" as a conjunction. So how can tell if you're translating a sentence of this pattern to Spanish if "that" should be translated as que or de que? Almost always, if you can change "that" to "which" and the sentence still makes sense, "that" is being used as a relative pronoun and you should use que. Otherwise, use de que. See how in the following sentences either "which" or "that" makes sense (although "that" is preferred by many grammarians): Es una nación que busca independencia. (It is a country that/which is seeking independence.)No hay factores de riesgo que se puedan identificar para la diabetes tipo 1. (There are no risk factors that/which can be identified for type 1 diabetes.)La garantía que brinda General Motors es aplicable a todos los vehículos nuevos marca Chevrolet. (The guarantee that/which General Motors offers is applicable to all new Chevrolet-branded vehicles.) And here are some examples of de que being used as a conjunction. Note how the "that" of the English translations can't be replaced by "which". El calcio reduce el riesgo de que el bebé nazca con problemas de peso. (Calcium reduces the risk that the baby is born with weight problems.) Hay señales de alarma de que un niño está siendo abusado. (There are warning signs that a child is being abused.) Una persona que FARC杀器 are in the territory. (Ecological damage that/which is caused by the presence that FARC fighters are in the territory.) Una persona que produce ideas para los negocios empieza a creer que su producto es bueno. (A person who produces ideas for business starts to believe that their product is good.) Materiales secos\*\*. Frascos \* tazas \* Agua \* Papel\*O colorante alimentario\*Feromágnicos \* Pingüinos\* Pinzas \* O esponja, gomas, hojas, hielo, etc. Usa las pinzas para tirar de la punta o la parte posterior del pescado, para sacar el tubo de filamento. Remoja el tubo de filamento en una jarra de agua. ¡Hora de pintar! Usa tu imaginación! No tienes pinzas? Puedes hacer el tuvo con materiales que tengas en casa! Utiliza una pinza para la ropa para sujetar los materiales. Mezcla tiza triturada con agua. Intenta pintar con café, té o vino. ¿Con qué más puedes experimentar? Professional Reference articles are designed for health professionals to use. They are written by UK doctors and based on research evidence, UK and European Guidelines. You may find the Abnormal Heart Rhythms (Arrhythmia) article most useful, or one of our other health articles. Treatment of almost all medical conditions has been affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. NICE has issued rapid update guidelines in relation to many of these. This guidance is changing frequently. Please visit to see if there is temporary guidance issued by NICE in relation to the management of this condition, which may vary from the information given below.Torsades de pointes is a distinctive polymorphic ventricular tachycardia in which the QRS amplitude varies and the QRS complex appears to twist around the baseline. Torsades de pointes is associated with a prolonged QT interval, which may be congenital or acquired.[1, 2]Torsades de pointes is usually not sustained and terminates spontaneously but frequently recurs unless the underlying cause is corrected. Torsades de pointes may degenerate into sustained ventricular tachycardia or ventricular fibrillation. Torsades is a life-threatening arrhythmia and may present as sudden cardiac death in patients with structurally normal hearts.The corrected QT interval is longer in the white population than in the black population, and longer in females than males. Therefore, torsades de pointes is more common in white races and in females.[4]Torsades occurs at any age. If it occurs at an early age, the cause is usually due to congenital long QT syndrome. In later years, the cause is usually due to acquired long QT syndrome.Congenital long QT syndromes - eg, Jervell and Lange-Nielsen syndrome, Romano-Ward syndrome. Acquired long QT syndromes:Acute myocardial infarction.Drugs - eg, antiarrhythmic agents of classes Ia and III, erythromycin, ketoconazole, tricyclic antidepressants, methadone, antipsychotics.[5, 6]Electrolyte disturbances; hypokalaemia, hypomagnesaemia, hypocalcaemia.Acute kidney injury, liver failure.Metabolic; hypothyroidism, anorexia nervosa, malnutrition.Bradyarrhythmia; sinoatrial disease, atrioventricular (AV) block.Toxins; heavy metals, insecticides.Episodes of torsades in patients with congenital long QT syndromes may be triggered by stress, fear or physical exertion.Patients with torsades are usually present with recurrent episodes of palpitations, dizziness, and syncope.[7]Sudden cardiac death can occur with the first episode.Nausea, pallor, cold sweats, shortness of breath and chest pain may occur.A history of congenital deafness or a family history of sudden death may indicate a long QT syndrome.Physical findings depend on the rate and duration of tachycardia and the degree of cerebral hypoperfusion. Findings include rapid pulse, low or normal blood pressure, and transient or prolonged loss of consciousness.Other physical signs depend on the cause - eg, features of a congenital disorder ECG.[8]Paroxysms of 5-20 beats, with a heart rate faster than 200 beats per minute. Sustained episodes are occasionally seen.Progressive change in polarity of QRS about the isoelectric line occurs with complete 180° twist of QRS complexes in 10-12 beats.Usually, a prolonged QT interval and pathological U waves are present. The most consistent indicator of QT prolongation is a QT of 0.60 seconds or longer or a QTc (corrected for heart rate) of 0.45 seconds or longer. QTc = QT interval divided by the square root of the interval (in seconds) between the onset of each QRS complex (Bazett's formula).A short-long-short sequence between the R-R interval occurs before the trigger response.Electrolytes; hypokalaemia, hypomagnesaemia and hypocalcaemia.Cardiac enzymes; assessment for myocardial ischaemia.CXR and echocardiography, to rule out structural heart disease.Resuscitation/Defibrillation:Although torsades are often self-terminating, it may develop into ventricular fibrillation, which requires defibrillation.[9]In an otherwise stable patient, direct current (DC) cardioversion is usually a last resort because torsades is paroxysmal in nature and frequently recurs after cardioversion.Discontinuation of any offending agent (stop all QT-prolonging drugs) and correction of any underlying cause such as hypokalaemia, hypomagnesaemia and bradycardia.Intravenous magnesium is the drug of choice for torsades de pointes. Magnesium is effective even in patients with normal magnesium levels.Acceleration of the heart rate can be achieved by using beta-1-adrenergic agonists such as isoprenaline or overdrive electrical pacing.Isoptrenaline is used as an interim treatment until overdrive pacing can be started:Isoptrenaline accelerates AV conduction and decreases the QT interval.It can be used in bradycardia-dependent torsades that is usually associated with acquired long QT syndrome.Isoptrenaline is given as a continuous intravenous infusion to keep the heart rate faster than 90 beats per minute.Beta-adrenergic agonists are contra-indicated in the congenital form of long QT syndrome.Temporary transvenous pacing:Pacing can be effective in terminating torsades by increasing the heart rate and so reducing the QT interval.Atrial pacing is the preferred mode because it preserves the atrial contribution to ventricular filling. In patients with AV block, ventricular pacing can be used to suppress torsades.Patients without syncope, ventricular tachyarrhythmia or a family history of sudden cardiac death can be observed without starting any treatment.Congenital long QT syndrome:Beta-adrenergic antagonists are used as a first-line long-term therapy in congenital long QT syndrome. Propranolol is has been the most extensively used.Beta-blockers are contra-indicated in acquired cases because bradycardia produced by these agents can precipitate torsades. They should also be avoided in those congenital cases in which bradycardia is a prominent feature.Permanent pacing benefits patients who remain symptomatic despite receiving the maximally tolerated dose of beta-blockers and can be used in addition to beta-blockers.High left thoracic sympathectomy is effective in patients who remain refractory to beta-blockade and pacing.Implantable cardioverter-defibrillators (ICDs) are useful in rare instances when torsades still continues despite all of these treatments.Beta-blockers should be used along with ICDs because shock can further precipitate torsades by adrenergic stimulation.Acquired long QT syndrome:Long-term treatment in acquired cases is usually not required because the QT interval returns to normal once the predisposing factor has been corrected.Pacemaker implantation is effective in cases that are associated with heart block or bradycardia.ICDs are indicated in cases that cannot be managed by avoidance of any specific precipitating factor.Ventricular tachycardia/Ventricular fibrillation:Sudden cardiac death Patients may revert spontaneously or convert to a non-polymorphic ventricular tachycardia or ventricular fibrillation.[9]Torsades is a life-threatening arrhythmia and may present as sudden cardiac death in patients with structurally normal hearts.In acquired long QT syndrome, the prognosis is excellent once any precipitating factor has been removed.Avoid offending drugs that prolong the QT interval.Prevent predisposing conditions such as hypokalaemia, hypomagnesaemia, and hypocalcaemia, especially in patients shown to have long QT interval.Screen families of patients with torsades for whom the cause for prolonged QT is suggested to be congenital.Kaye AD, Volpi-Abadie J, Bensler JM, et al; QT interval abnormalities: risk factors and perioperative management in long QT syndromes and Torsades de Pointes. 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